

CO VMRC Module 3 Post-Test

When you have completed the post-test, you may email it to deborahcolburn@cvmf.org or fax to 303-318-0450 for correction.

1. Terrorism is defined as
 - a. The lawful use of force or violence committed by a group or individual against persons or property to intimidate or coerce a government, the civilian population, or any segment thereof, in furtherance of political or social objectives.
 - b. The unlawful use of force or violence committed by a group or individual against persons or property to intimidate or coerce a government, the civilian population, or any segment thereof, in furtherance of political or social objectives.
 - c. The unlawful use of force or violence committed by a group or individual against persons or property to intimidate or coerce a government, the civilian population, or any segment thereof, in furtherance of personal objectives.
 - d. The lawful use of force or violence committed by a group or individual against persons or property to intimidate or coerce a government, the civilian population, or any segment thereof, in furtherance of personal objectives.

2. The Newcastle disease outbreak in the United States in 2002-2003 resulted in
 - a. 4 million poultry destroyed
 - b. Over \$150 million in direct costs
 - c. Activating over 15,000 response personnel
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B

3. Weaponized agents have the potential of
 - a. Decreased virulence
 - b. Resistance to antimicrobials
 - c. Environmental degradation
 - d. "Known" disease behavior
 - e. A and B

4. Genetic selection in the use of weaponized agents is
 - a. Genetic engineering
 - b. Mixing pathogen genes
 - c. Adding resistance factors
 - d. Serial passage of microbial stains to select for desired characteristics
 - e. All of the above

CO VMRC Module 3 Post-Test

5. The following are military chemical weapons
 - a. Nerve agents
 - b. Fertilizers
 - c. Vesicant or blistering agents
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and C

6. Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) provide information on
 - a. First Aid Measures
 - b. Disposal Considerations
 - c. Physical & Chemical Properties
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B

7. Radiological Threats include
 - a. Nuclear material leakage from a reactor or weapons facility
 - b. Unintentional X-ray exposure/over-exposure
 - c. Radiological dispersion device (RDD)
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and C

8. The radiation protection principles are
 - a. Time, distance, duration of exposure
 - b. Time, development, shielding
 - c. Time, distance, shielding
 - d. Radiation dose, age of person, shielding
 - e. Decontamination, distance, shielding

9. Blast pressure can result in an eardrum rupture at
 - a. .5 PSI
 - b. 1 PSI
 - c. 1.5 PSI
 - d. 3 PSI
 - e. All of the above

10. Yellow on the triage tag identifies
 - a. No care
 - b. Minor
 - c. Delayed treatment OK
 - d. Needs immediate care
 - e. Dead

CO VMRC Module 3 Post-Test

11. The following are considerations in the decontamination of equipment
 - a. Equipment
 - b. Corrosion
 - c. Temperature/humidity
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B

12. The following are considerations in animal decontamination
 - a. Human health impacts
 - b. Susceptible versus non-susceptible
 - c. Corrosion
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B

13. What does PPE stand for?
 - a. Personal Protective Event
 - b. Personal Protective Equipment
 - c. Permeable Protective Equipment
 - d. Personal Productive Equipment
 - e. Pressurized Protective Equipment

14. Which level of PPE is most likely to be used by veterinary professionals?
 - a. Level A
 - b. Level B
 - c. Level C
 - d. Level D

15. Level D protection includes
 - a. Face mask
 - b. Chemical resistant clothing
 - c. Gloves
 - d. Pressurized air recirculation respirator
 - e. A and C

16. Veterinary professionals need PPE when exposed to
 - a. Biological agents
 - b. Chemical agents
 - c. Noise
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B

CO VMRC Module 3 Post-Test

17. The following are accepted methods of euthanasia
- a. Barbiturate injection
 - b. Carbon dioxide
 - c. Captive bolt/firearms
 - d. Foam "depopulation"
 - e. All of the above
18. Which of the following are important mortality management factors
- a. Disease type
 - b. Public Health
 - c. Esthetics
 - d. Environmental impact
 - e. All of the above